

### PREPRINT

Author-formatted, not peer-reviewed document posted on 20/05/2021

DOI: https://doi.org/10.3897/arphapreprints.e68917

### First record of genus Eratigena (Araneae:

# Agelenidae) from China, with description of a new species

Zijian Shi, Luyu Wang, Zhisheng Zhang

### Disclaimer on biological nomenclature and use of preprints

The preprints are preliminary versions of works accessible electronically in advance of publication of the final version. They are not issued for purposes of botanical, mycological or zoological nomenclature and **are not effectively/validly published in the meaning of the Codes**. Therefore, nomenclatural novelties (new names) or other nomenclatural acts (designations of type, choices of priority between names, choices between orthographic variants, or choices of gender of names) **should NOT be posted in preprints**. The following provisions in the Codes of Nomenclature define their status:

### International Code of Nomenclature for algae, fungi, and plants (ICNafp)

**Article 30.2**: "An electronic publication is not effectively published if there is evidence within or associated with the publication that its content is merely preliminary and was, or is to be, replaced by content that the publisher considers final, in which case only the version with that final content is effectively published." In order to be validly published, a nomenclatural novelty must be effectively published (Art. 32.1(a)); in order to take effect, other nomenclatural acts must be effectively published (Art. 7.10, 11.5, 53.5, 61.3, and 62.3).

#### International Code of Zoological Nomenclature (ICZN)

**Article: 21.8.3:** "Some works are accessible online in preliminary versions before the publication date of the final version. Such advance electronic access does not advance the date of publication of a work, as preliminary versions are not published (Article 9.9)".

## First record of genus *Eratigena* (Araneae: Agelenidae) from China, with description of a new species

Zi-jian SHI<sup>1,2,</sup> LU-YU WANG<sup>1,3</sup> & ZHI-SHENG ZHANG<sup>1,\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Key Laboratory of Eco-environments in Three Gorges Reservoir Region (Ministry of Education), School of Life Sciences, Southwest University, Chongqing 400715, China.
<sup>2</sup>szj0131@email.swu.edu.cn; https://orcid.org/0000-0001-9698-3563
<sup>3</sup>wangluyu1989@163.com; https://orcid.org/0000-0002-5250-3473
\*Corresponding author: zhangzs327@qq.com; https://orcid.org/0000-0002-9304-1789

**Abstract.** The genus *Eratigena* is reported for the first time from China including a new species *E. bowoensis* n. sp. (male and female) is described. Detailed description of new species genitalic characters, somatic features by means of photographs and line drawings, as well as comparisons with closely related species and locality map are provided.

Key words. description, morphology, photo, Tibet, taxonomy

Based on the following features, Bolzern *et al.* (2013) established the genus *Eratigena* from Europe; the retrolateral tibial apophysis (RTA) of male palp with two branches and lateroventral ridge absent; vulva irregularly scleroid. This genus comprises of 37 species mainly distributed in Europe (17) and the American continent (16), with 3 species commonly reported in both of these continents (WSC 2021). *E. laksao* Bolzern & Jäger, 2015 is the only species of this genus that has been described from Asia (Laos). In this paper, we proposed the first record of the genus *Eratigena* from Tibet, China and described *E. bowoensis* **n. sp.** as the second species found in Asia. At the same time, in order to facilitate the follow-up study, we provided the barcode of COI gene to assist the identification in addition to the morphological identification.

Specimens were preserved in 75% ethanol and were examined, illustrated, photographed and measured using a Leica M205A stereomicroscope equipped with a

drawing tube, a Leica DFC450 Camera and LAS software (Ver. 4.6) and were stacked by Helicon Focus software (3.10. Free). Male palp and epigynum were examined and illustrated after dissected from the body. Female genitalia were cleared in 90% lactic acid. Eye sizes were measured as the maximum dorsal diameter. Leg measurements are shown as total length (femur, patella + tibia, metatarsus, tarsus). The map was downloaded from standard map service site (http://bzdt.ch.mnr.gov.cn/index.html), and then modified using Adobe Photoshop CS5 (Figs 3). All measurements are in millimeters. Specimens are deposited at the School of Life Sciences, Southwest University, Chongqing (SWUC). Morphological terminology follows Bolzern & Jäger (2015).

Abbreviations used in the text and figures legend are as follows: ALE–anterior lateral eyes; AME–anterior median eyes; C–conductor; CD–copulatory duct; CO–copulatory opening; dRTA–dorsal branch of RTA; E–embolus; FD–fertilization duct; MA–median apophysis; MOA–median ocular area; PLE–posterior lateral eyes; PME–posterior median eyes; RTA–retrolateral tibial apophysis; S–spermathecae; vRTA–ventral branch of RTA.

We thank Ms. Piao Liu (SWUC), Mr. Tao Yuan (SWUC) and Yan-Meng Hou (College of Life Sciences, Hebei University, Baoding, China) for their assistance during the fieldwork. This research was supported by the Key Natural Science Foundation of Chongqing (cstc2019jcyj-zdxmX0006), the Investigation Project of Basic Science and Technology (2018FY100305), the Fundamental Research Funds for the Central Universities (SWU120051) and the National Natural Science Foundation of China (31672278, 31702005) to Zhi-Sheng Zhang and Lu-Yu Wang.

### Taxonomy

Family Agelenidae C. L. Koch, 1837 Genus *Eratigena* Bolzern, Burckhardt & Hänggi, 2013 *Eratigena bowoensis* n. sp. (波密淑隅蛛) Figure 1A–D, 2A–G, 3 **Material examined.** *Holotype*: Male, CHINA, Tibet, Bowo County near the Bomi Tongmai Bridge, 30°5.856'N, 95°4.156'E, elev. 2025m, 8.VIII.2020, L.Y. Wang, P. Liu, T. Yuan, Y.M. Hou leg. (SWUC-T-AG-46-01). *Paratypes*: 1 male and 4 females, same data as holotype (SWUC-T-AG-46-02~06).

**Diagnosis.** The male of the new species resembles *E. laksao* (Bolzern & Jäger 2015, figs 14–21), in having similar embolus, but can be differentiated by; the anterior margin of membranous ridge (R) round, protruding outward (invaginated, arc-shaped in *E. laksao*); the ventro-lateral margin of tegulum straight (round, covering most of subtegulum in *E. laksao*); conductor large, protruding above the lateral margin of cymbium (narrow, restrained inside the cymbium in *E. laksao*). The female of this new species can be distinguished from all other species of genus *Eratigena* by the epigynal teeth absent and spermathecae (S) pear-shaped.

**Description.** Male holotype (Figs 2A) total length 10.50. Prosoma 5.45 long, 4.27 wide; opisthosoma 5.39 long, 2.85 wide. Carapace and legs brownish yellow with pattern: sides of cephalic part and thoracic striae blackish. Abdomen reddish-brown with black stripes. Eye sizes and interdistances: AME 0.28, ALE 0.34, PME 0.29, PLE 0.30; AME–AME 0.08, AME–ALE 0.06, PME–PME 0.21, PME–PLE 0.12, ALE–PLE 0.09. MOA 0.72 long, front width 0.59, back width 0.73. Clypeus height 0.38. Chelicerae with four promarginal and seven retromarginal teeth. Leg measurements: I 35.00 (9.15, 10.74, 9.88, 5.23); II 25.71 (7.01, 7.79, 7.23, 3.68); III 22.38 (6.10, 6.28, 6.81, 3.19); IV 31.15 (8.21, 8.93, 9.98, 4.03). Leg formula: 1423. Opisthosoma oval, dorsum and venter reddish brown, with black spots and stripes.

Male palp (Figs 1A–B, 2E–G). Patellar apophysis absent. Retrolateral tibial apophysis with two branches, ventral branch of retrolateral tibial apophysis (vRTA) globular, with blunt end; the dorsal branch of retrolateral tibial apophysis (dRTA) protruding, strongly sclerotized (black), thorn-like with a pointed tip. Embolus filiform originated from the posterior of the tegulum. Conductor with transparent pocket, distal part elongated with blunt end, protruding above the lateral margin of cymbium. Membranous ridge (R) massive, with sclerotized pointed end. Median apophysis membranous, protruding, originated from the anterior end of tegulum,

connection of median apophysis to tegulum partly sclerotized.

Female (on of paratypes, Figs 2B) total length 12.80. Prosoma 5.73 long, 4.11 wide; opisthosoma 7.18 long, 5.58 wide. Eye sizes and interdistances: AME 0.29, ALE 0.31, PME 0.25, PLE 0.31; AME–AME 0.11, AME–ALE 0.10, PME–PME 0.27, PME–PLE 0.16, ALE–PLE 0.14. MOA 0.60 long, front width 0.76, back width 0.71. Clypeus height 0.43. Leg measurements: I 27.39 (7.43, 8.77, 7.00, 4.19); II 21.39 (6.35, 6.52, 5.23, 3.29); III 18.96 (5.45, 5.40, 5.45, 2.66); IV 26.17(7.36, 7.67, 7.88, 3.26). Leg formula: 1423

Epigyne (Figs 1C–D, 2C–D) with a conspicuous atrium posteriorly, copulatory opening present anteriorly. Vulva consists of distinguishable copulatory ducts (CD), spermathecae (S) and fertilization duct (FD). Copulatory ducts transverse. Spermethecae pear-shaped. Fertilization ducts crescent-shaped, originated at the base of spermethecae.

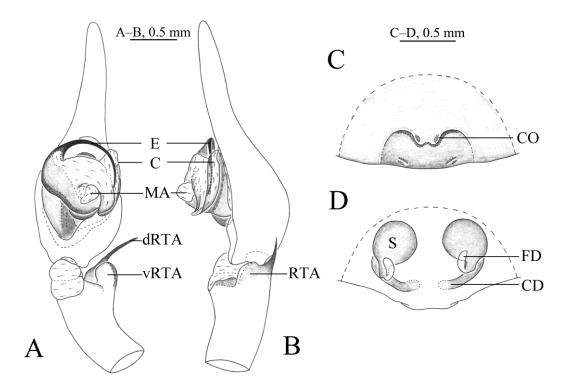
**Etymology.** The species name refers to the type locality; noun in apposition. **Distribution.** Known only from the type locality, Bowo, Tibet, China. **GenBank accession number**: MW808984.

### References

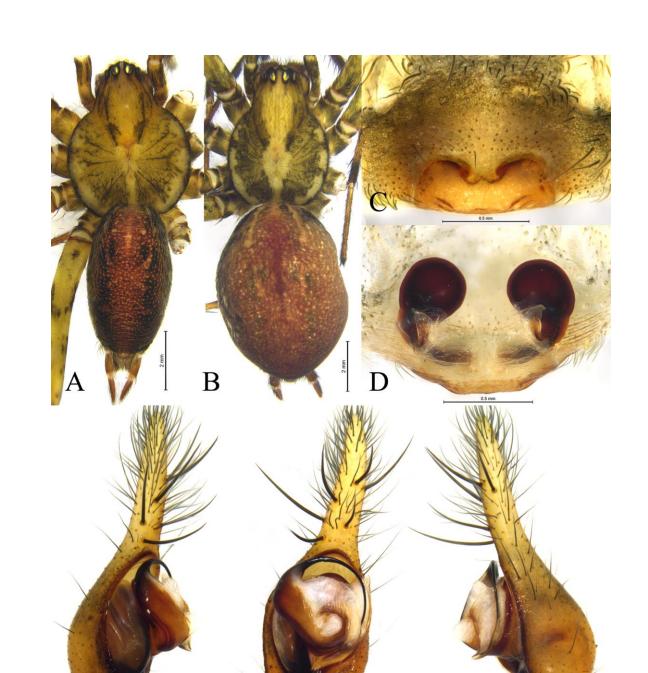
- Bolzern A, Burckhardt D, Hänggi A (2013) Phylogeny and taxonomy of European funnel-web spiders of the *Tegenaria-Malthonica* complex (Araneae: Agelenidae) based upon morphological and molecular data. Zoological Journal of the Linnean Society 168: 723–848. http://doi.org/10.1111/zoj.12040
- Bolzern A, Jaeger P (2015) Unexpected occurrence of the genus *Eratigena* in Laos with description of a new species (Araneae: Agelenidae). Zootaxa 3920(3): 431–442. http://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3920.3.2
- Bolzern A, Hänggi A (2016) Revision of the Nearctic *Eratigena* and *Tegenaria* species (Araneae: Agelenidae). Journal of Arachnology 44(2): 105–141. http://doi:10.1636/R15-81
- Oxford G, Bolzern A (2018) Molecules v. morphology—is *Eratigena atrica* (Araneae: Agelenidae) one species or three?. Arachnology 17(7): 337-357.

### http://doi:10.13156/arac.2017.17.7.337

### **Figures Legends**



**FIGURE** 1 *Eratigena bowoensis* **n. sp.** male holotype Left male pedipalp (A–B) and female paratype epigyne (C–D). A. Ventral view; B. Retrolateral view; C. Ventral view; D. Vulva, dorsal view. Abbreviations: C, conductor; CD, copulatory ducts; CO, copulatory opening; dRTA, dorsal branch of RTA; E, embolus; FD, fertilization duct; MA, median apophysis of male bulb; RTA, retrolateral tibial apophysis; S, spermathecae; vRTA, ventral branch of RTA.



**FIGURE** 2 *Eratigena bowoensis* **n. sp.** holotype male (A, E–G) and paratype female (B–D) from Maliugou. A. Male habitus, dorsal view; B. Female habitus, dorsal view; C. Epigyne, ventral view; D. Same, dorsal view; E. Left male pedipalp, prolateral view; F. Same, ventral view; G. Same, retrolateral view.

G

0.5 mm

F

Е



FIGURE 3 Distribution map of Eratigena bowoensis n. sp.